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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,422	04/16/2007	Robert Hes	DEP5237USPCT	3688
27777 7590 12/04/2099 PHILIP S. JOHNSON JOHNSON & JOHNSON			EXAMINER	
			LAWSON, MATTHEW JAMES	
	ON & JOHNSON PLAZ WICK, NJ 08933-7003		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3775	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/04/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/583,422	HES ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
MATTHEW LAWSON	3775	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -- Period for Reply

WHIC - Exte after - If NO	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1,136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.				
Any	re to reply within the set or astended period for reply will by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133), reply received by the Office later than three months after the maining date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1,704(b).				
Status					
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 October 2009</u> .				
	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims				
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 15-16 is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers				
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on 19 June 2006 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)	☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage				
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
- ;	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
Attachmen					
	te of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Infor	3) information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informat Fator 1 Application				
	r No(s)/Mail Date 6)				
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Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/583,422

Art Unit: 3775

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Claims 15-16 withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on October 1st, 2009.

Claim Objections

Claims 1-14 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 1 recites in line 2 "(having a thread lead)" by having the parentheses around this limitation is unclear if this limitation is solely implied or being positively claimed. The applicant is advised to either delete the limitation if it is implied, for it would be inherent or to delete only the parentheses to positively claim this limitation. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 6-7, 9-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. See MPEP § 2173.05(c). Note the explanation given by the Board

Art Unit: 3775

of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 1 recites the broad recitation "the thread on each end of the lead and tail portions having an approximately constant diameter along a significant portion of its length," and the claim also recites "the thread on the tail portion is greater than that of the thread on the lead portion", which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 8, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Vrespa (US 5,593,40).

Vrespa discloses a bone screw (figure 1) having a lead portion (24, figure 1) and a tail portion (22, figure 1), each comprising a root (32-24, figure 1) and a thread (26/28,

Art Unit: 3775

figure 1), having a thread lead (figure 1) formed on the root, the thread on each of the lead and tail portions having an approximately constant diameter along a significant portion of its length (figure 1), in which the diameter of the thread on the tail portion is greater than that of the thread on the lead portion (figure 1), and in which the thread lead of the thread on the lead portion is equal to the thread lead of the thread on the tail portion (figure 1), and the thread on the lead portion of the screw is a multi-start thread (column 12, lines 55-58) in which the number of starts of the thread on the lead portion is equal to the ratio of the thread pitch of the thread on the tail portion to the thread pitch of the thread on the lead portion (column 12, lines 63-67), and the thread on the tail portion of the screw is a single-start thread (column 12, line 43), in which the diameter of the root of the tail portion is greater than the diameter of the root of the lead portion (figure 1), and the diameter of the root of the lead portion, and has a bore (30, figure 1, and 74, figure 4-5) extending through it along its length.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 6-7, 9-10, and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vrespa (US 5,593,410).

Art Unit: 3775

Regarding claim 4, Vrespa discloses the lead portion being a triple start thread instead of the double start thread and the thread pitch of the tail portion being equal to three times the thread pitch of the thread on the lead portion (column 12, lines 63-67). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to reduce the start threads from three to two and the pitch height to two times as large.

Regarding claims 6-7, Vrespa discloses the claimed invention except for the ratio of the diameter of the thread on the tail portion to that of the diameter of the thread on the lead portion is at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.5, and is not more than about 2.3, preferably not more than about 2.0. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the ratio of the diameter of the thread on the tail portion to that of the diameter of the thread on the lead portion to be at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.5, and is not more than about 2.3, preferably not more than about 2.0; since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Regarding claims 9-10, Vrespa discloses the claimed invention except for the ratio of the diameter of the root on the tail portion to that of the diameter of the root on the lead portion is at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.4, and is not more than about 2.3, preferably not more than about 2.0. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the ratio of the diameter of the root on the tail portion to that of the diameter of the root on the lead portion to be at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.4, and is not more than about

Art Unit: 3775

2.3, preferably not more than about 2.0; since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Regarding claims 12-13, Vrespa discloses the claimed invention except for the ratio of the diameter of the thread aspect on the tail portion to that of the thread aspect ratio on the lead portion is at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.35, and is not more than about 2.2, preferably not more than about 2.0. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the thread aspect ratio of the tail portion with respect to the lead portion to be at least about 1.2, preferably at least about 1.35, and is not more than about 2.2, preferably not more than about 2.0; since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vrespa (US 5,593,410) in view of Frigg et al. (US 5,180,382).

Vrespa discloses the claimed invention except for the threading on the tail portion of the screw being a continuation of the one of the threads on the lead portion.

Frigg et al. discloses the threading on the leading portion (7, figure 1) with threading and a tail portion (6, figure 1) with threading which is a continuation of the threading on the lead portion (figure 1) to permit continuous threading of the screw allowing for non-stop engagement within the bone/insertion body. Accordingly it would

Art Unit: 3775

have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have constructed the device of Vrespa to having continuous threading between the leading and trailing portions of the screw to permit continuous threading of the screw allowing for non-stop engagement within the bone/insertion body as taught by Frigg et al.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See attached PTO-892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MATTHEW LAWSON whose telephone number is (571)270-7375. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Barrett can be reached on 571-272-4746. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/583,422 Page 8

Art Unit: 3775

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/M. L./ Examiner, Art Unit 3775 /Thomas C. Barrett/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3775